# General Specifications

## Model SC450 Conductivity / Resistivity Analyzer



The EXAxt 450 series is designed to combine the superior functionality of the Yokogawa EXA series with the ease of use offered in pocket computers (PDA).

Truly unique is the EXAxt 450 series in the Human Machine Interface. The high resolution graphical display and the touch screen operation make all information visible to the operator. Configuration with the touch screen is as easy as operating a PDA. Simply choose the language of choice and on screen instructions assure that the best configuration for the application is obtained.

The EXAxt 450 offers full functionality with PID control on either mA output(s) or on contact output(s).

The contact outputs can be selected as pulse frequency controlled or pulse length controlled contact function to control chemical metering pumps or solenoid valves.

The EXA450 is a family of SMART analyzers: In addition to the two mA outputs a digital HART® signal is superimposed on mA1. This signal supplies up to four process variables and many diagnostic data. This information can be used to generate additional current and contact outputs in the HIM monitor and in maintenance optimisation programs like PRM or AMS. Pactware can be downloaded from Yokogawa WEB pages to enable the user to configure SC450 with a PC.

The SC450 offers the best accuracy in the industry by combining the conductivity measurement with advanced temperature compensation functionality, preloaded calibration standards and cell fouling monitoring.

The EXAxt SC450 is universal. The analyzer accepts sensors with cell constants ranging from 0,005 till 50/cm; 2-electrode sensors as well as 4-electrode sensors; 5 different temperature compensating elements for accurate temperature compensation.

The SC450 offers ultra pure water compensation for demineralised water (default: NaCl), for Steam, Condensate and Boiler water analysis (Cation Conductivity, Ammonia and Morpholine Conductivity) SC450 also offers Matrix compensation and output linearization for accurate analysis of strong acids and alkalis especially for the monitoring of ultra pure water in the pharmaceutical industry the functionality of USP chapter 645, first published in USP23, is implemented.

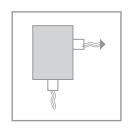


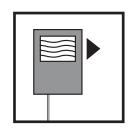
## **Features**

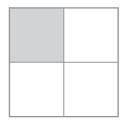
- IP66/NEMA4X ½DIN enclosure for Field mounting and Panel mounting.
- Unique HMI with menu structure and high resolution graphical display with touch screen
- Interactive display with choice out of 6 languages: English, French, German, Italian Spanish and Swedish.
- Trending display for up to 2 weeks.
- On-screen logbooks store calibration data, configuration changes and events
- Advanced Process Temperature Compensation
- Cell fouling monitoring

## **System Configuration**









Cables

Fittings

**Transmitters** 

Accessories



## General Specifications of EXAxt SC450

#### A. Input specifications

: Two or four electrodes measurement with square wave excitation, using max 60m (200ft) cable (WU40/WF10) and cell constants from 0.005 to 50.0 cm-1

## B. Input ranges

Maximum

Conductivity :  $0.000 \, \mu S/cm - 2000 \, mS/cm$ Minimum : 1 $\mu$ S/cm (underrange 0.00  $\mu$ S x C) Maximum : 200 mS/cm (overrange 2000 mS x C) : 0.0  $\Omega$  x cm - 1000 M $\Omega$  x cm Resistivity Minimum : 5  $\Omega$ /cm (underrange 0.0  $\Omega$ /C)

Temperature : Pt1000 -20 to 250°C (0-500°F)

: 1 M $\Omega$ /cm (overrange 1000 M $\Omega$ /C)

: Pt100 -20 to 200°C (0-400°F) -20 to 200°C (0-400°F) : Ni100 : NTC 8k55 -10 to 120°C (10-250°F) -20 to 120°C (0-250°F) : Pb36 (JIS NTC 6k)

#### C. Accuracy

Conductivity/resistivity

 $: \le 0.5 \%$  of reading

Temperature : ≤ 0.3°C (≤ 0.4°C for Pt100)

 $: \le 0.02 \text{ mA}$ mA outputs Ambient temperature influence

: ± 0.05% /°C

Step respons  $: \le 4 \text{ sec for } 90\% \text{ (for a 2 decade step)}$ 

#### D. Transmission signals

: Two isolated outputs of 4-20 mA. DC with General

common negative. Maximum load  $600\Omega$ .

Bi-directional HART®

digital communication, superimposed on

mA1 (4-20mA) signal.

Output Function: Linear or Non linear (21-step table)

output for pH, temperature, ORP or rH.

Control function: PID control.

Burn out function: Burn up (21.0 mA) or burn down

(3.6 mA) to signal failure acc.

NAMUR NE43. : Adjustable damping

: Expire time Hold

: The mA-outputs are frozen to the

last/fixed value during calibration/

commissioning

#### E. Contact outputs

: Four SPDT relay contacts with display General

indicators. Contact outputs configuratable

for hysteresis and delay time.

Switch capacity: Maximum values 100 VA,

250 VAC, 5 Amps. Maximum values 50 Watts, 250 VDC, 5 Amps.

Status : High/Low process alarms, selected from

conductivity, resistvity, concentration or temperature. Configurable delay time and hysteresis. PID duty cycle or pulsed

frequency control. FAIL alarm

Control function: On / Off

: Adjustable damping

: Expire time

Hold : Contact can be used to signal the hold

situation.

Fail safe : Contact S4 is programmed as fail-safe

contact.

GS 12D7B5-E-E

F. Contact Input: Remote range switching to 10 times the

programmed range.

Contact open : If impedance > 100 kΩ: Range 1 Contact closed : If impedance < 10  $\Omega$ : Range 2

(10 x Range 1)

G. Temperature compensation

: Automatic or manual, for temperature ranges mentioned under C (inputs).

Reference temp.: programmable from 0 to 100°C

or 30 - 210 °F (default 25°C).

#### H. Compensation algorithm

: According IEC 60746-3 NaCl tables (default). Two independent user programmable temperature coefficients, from 0% to 3.5% per °C (°F) by adjustment or calibration.

Matrix compensation

: With conductivity function of concentration and temperature. Choice out of 13 preprogrammed matrixes and 2 100-points

user-programmable matrices.

I. Calibration : Semi-automatic calibration using pre-

configured OIML (KCI) buffer tables, with automatic stability check. Manual

adjustment to grab sample.

Software record of important events and J. Logbook

diagnostic data readily available in the

display or through HART®.

K. Display : Graphical Quarter VGA (320 x 240 pixels)

LCD with LED backlight and touchscreen. Plain language messages in English, German,

French, Spanish, Italian and Swedish.

Shipping details

: 290 x 300 x 290 mm (L x W x D) Package size

(11.5 x 11.8 x 11.5 inch)

Package weight: app. 2.5 kg (5.5lbs)

M. Housing : Cast aluminium case with chemically

> resistant coating, cover with flexible polycarbonate window. The colour of the case and cover is silvergrey. Cable entry via six M20 polyamide glands. Cable terminals are provided for up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> finished wires. Weather resistant to IP66 and NEMA4X standards. Note that the glands must be installed properly. Pipe, wall or panel mounting, using optional hardware.

**N. Power supply**: 85-265 VAC (±10%). Max 15VA, 47-63Hz,

9,6-30 VDC (±10%), max 10W

O. Regulatory compliance

: EN 61010-1 CSA C22.2 No.61010-1 UL Safety

61010-1 FM3611 Class I, Div.2, Group

ABCD,T6 for Ta -20 to 55°C

**EMC** : conforms to EN61326 Class A, AS/NZS

Inst. altitude : 2000 m or less Category based on IEC

61010: II (Note) Pollution degree based on

IEC 61010: 2 (Note)

Note: Installation category, called over-voltage category, specifies impulse withstand voltage. Category II is for electrical equipment. Pollution degree indicates the degree of existence of solid, liquid, gas or other inclusions which may reduce dielectric strength. Degree 2 is the normal

indoor environment.

FM Class 1, Div. 2, Group ABCD,

T<sub>6</sub> for T<sub>a</sub> -20 to 55°C

Certification for CCSAus, Kema Keur

#### P. Environment and operational conditions

Ambient temperature : -20 to +55°C Storage temperature : -30 to +70°C

Humidity : 0 to 90% RH (non-condensing)
Data protection : EEPROM for configuration data and

logbook. Lithium cell for clock.

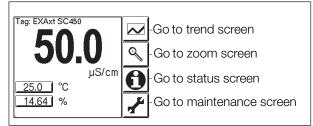
Watchdog timer : Checks microprocessor.
Power down : Reset to measurement.

Automatic safeguard: Auto return to measuring mode when touchscreen is untouched for 10 min.

## **Display and Operating Interface**

The Display is a backlight graphical display with QVGA resolution. Operation is done by a touchscreen. Graphical keys on the right and other area's of the touchscreen respond to contact as virtual push buttons.

#### Main screen

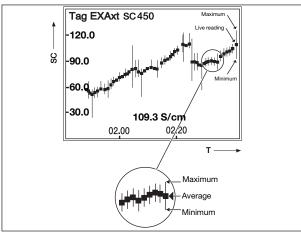


#### The main screen displays:

- The primary variable in large font (user selectable)
- Other process variable(s) in small font
- Unit symbols
- Tagnumber (user programmable)
- Process description (user programmable)
- Status of contact output(s)
- Status indicator during HOLD and WASH situation
- Main function keys

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## Trend screen

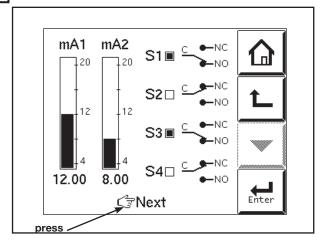


## The trendscreen displays:

- Time scale. User selectable (between 15 minutes and 2 weeks)
- PV scale. User selectable
- TAG number
- Actual PV
- Average, maximum and minimum PV in this interval (time scale / 51)

## ℚ Zoo

## Zoom screen



The zoom screen displays an easy graphic representation of the output functions. When "next" is pressed it will give access to the logbook data.

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## Status screen

The Status screen gives access to diagnostic information with regards to analyzer or sensors.



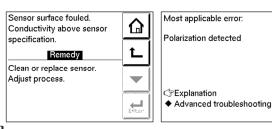
No malfunction detected.



Soft alarm detected. Maintenance is recommended for best accuracy.



Hard alarm is detected indicating malfunction that is critical for good analysis. When this key is pressed details are displayed with regards to detected malfunction and troubleshooting guidelines are displayed to resolve the malfunction.

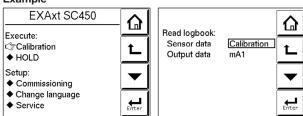




## Maintenance screen

The maintenance screen gives access to calibration, commissioning and setup of the instrument. These levels can be protected by passwords.

## Example



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## **Functionality Characteristics**

#### Safe Operation

EXAxt450 features BURN-OUT functionality according to NAMUR Recommendation 43. This document recommends using the mA output for fault detection by controlling the mA output in the following way:

4-20 mA scaled to measuring range

3,8 -4 mA for underflow detection

20- 20,5 mA for overflow detection

=<3,6 mA for fault detection

=>21 mA for fault detection

#### Input Circuitry

The conductivity is measured with a square wave AC signal across the sensor with a frequency that is automatically adapted to the conductivity value to minimize the influence of system capacitance and electrode polarization. The conductivity is measured with 4-wire method to eliminate the influence of cable length.

This results in an accurate measurement over a wide range of conductivity values in combination with many sensors.

#### **Process Temperature Compensation**

EXAxt 450 offers automatic temperature compensation and to ensure full compatibility with most commercially available conductivity sensors. Selection is possible out of five different temperature sensing elements. All elements have been calibrated during initialization of the analyzer. The default configuration of the SC450 uses Pt1000 RTD for temperature compensation.

The temperature compensator is used to correct for the influence of temperature on the conductivity of the process fluid. The analyzer readings are at reference temperature: 25°C unless programmed otherwise.

The default temperature compensation follows IEC 746-2 compensation algorithm for diluted solutions of NaCl in water. This default mode (NaCl) includes also compensation for the temperature influence on the dissociation of water molecules. This makes the default compensation mode ideal for salt solutions from ultra pure water up to concentrated salt solutions.

SC450 offers two additional modes for advanced temperature compensation in processes where NaCl compensation does not offer the required accuracy:

- 1. Linear temperature coefficient setting
- 2. Matrix temperature compensation

## Linear temperature coefficient

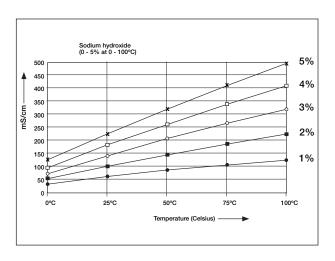
This function is used when the water chemistry is unknown. Therefore the temperature coefficient is determined empirically by taking a sample, reading the conductivity and temperature at two different temperatures. The TC to be programmed is defined as % per /°C.

This coefficient is calculated from two uncompensated measurements at different temperatures and can be calculated with the following equation:

((SC1- SC2)/ (T1-T2)) x 100/ SC2 in which (T2, SC2) is the measurement at reference temperature.

## Matrix temperature compensation

This function is used when the empirical method has shown that the temperature coefficient varies within the measuring range of the analyzer. Then a Matrix is built of 100 points, where the conductivity of 10 different samples is recorded for 10 different temperatures.



## Matrix temperature compensation

The SC450 is equipped with a matrix type algorithm (conductivity as a function of concentration and temperature) for accurate temperature compensation in various applications.

These are:

 Ammonia in water: 0-50 ppb @ 0-90°C (boiler feed water, condensate)

Ammonia in water: 15- 30 % @ 10- 50°C
 Morpholine in water: 0- 500 ppb @ 0- 90°C (boiler feed water, condensate)

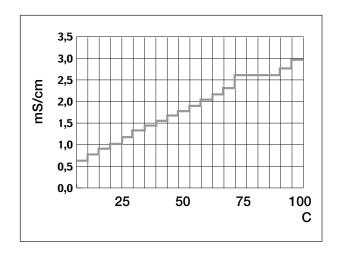
Sulfuric Acid in water: 0²- 27% @ 0- 100°C
 Sulfuric Acid in water: 39- 85% @ -18- 116°C
 Sulfuric Acid in water: 93- 100% @ 10- 90°C
 Sodium Hydroxide in water: 0¹- 15% @ 0- 100°C
 Sodium Hydroxide in water: 25- 50 % @ 0- 80°C
 Hydrochloric Acid in water: 0- 200 ppb @ 0- 100°C (Cation conductivity)

10. Hydrochloric Acid in water: 0:-18% @ -10- 65°C
11. Hydrochloric Acid in water: 24- 44% @ -20- 65°C
12. Nitric Acid in water: 0²- 25% @ 0- 80°C
13. Nitric Acid in water: 35- 88% @ -16- 60°C

<sup>1</sup> Although range is 0 - 25%

<sup>2</sup> Compensation range

In addition a free programmable matrix can be selected for applications not covered by these standard ones. Measurement outside the range of the matrix is possible, but can result in inaccuracies dependent on the chemistry of the electrolyte solution.



Matrices are available for the common mineral acids and bases. In addition Ammonia and Morpholine are included. In short by using the matrix method, specialist compensation is available for the majority of applications in the power industry, water treatment, and chemical manufacturing. The following matrices are available initially, but as with all Yokogawa products, we are continually striving to improve both the quality and technological content. Further solutions will be added to this list.

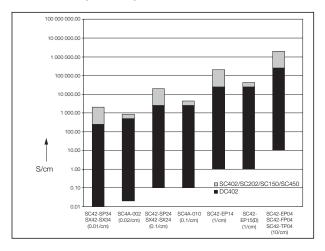
Ammonia	050 ppb	090°C	
Ammonia	1530%	1050°C	
Morpholine	0500ppb	090°C	
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	027%	0100°C	
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	3985%	-18116°C	
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	93100%	1090°C	
NaOH	015%	0100°C	
NaOH	2550%	080°C	
HCI	0200ppb	0100°C	
HCI	018%	-1065°C	
HCI	2444%	-2065°C	
HNO <sub>3</sub>	025%	080°C	
HNO <sub>3</sub>	3588%	-16-60°C	

#### WFI monitoring according to USP<645> directives.

First published in USP23 is the directive for on-line monitoring of water for injection using Conductivity Analyzers. In this standard the purity of the water is classified in 3 levels, of which the first level is monitored by Conductivity Analysis. If the conductivity exceeds the limit, then the user must perform laboratory analysis to verify the quality of the WFI. SC450 has the limits of USP built in the firmware and as soon as the water quality does not meet the requirement of step 1, a fault message is generated; this information can be transmitted through HART®, contact output or High/Low mA output according to NAMUR recommendation 43. It is also possible to program a contact output to close when a preset safety margin is exceeded. The USP functionality is independent on the chosen conductivity range for the mA outputs. The functionality is active in both Conductivity and Resistivity mode.

## **Electrode selection**

In order to make precise conductivity measurements, there are a number of prerequisites. Most important is the selection of suitable sensors. Special attention should be paid to the choice of the sensors to ensure compatibility with both the chemical composition and the specific conductivity of the fluid to be measured. The installation of the sensor is also very important for a correct measurement. Other Yokogawa specification sheets cover the choice of sensors and holders, and any Yokogawa sales office can provide expert advice.





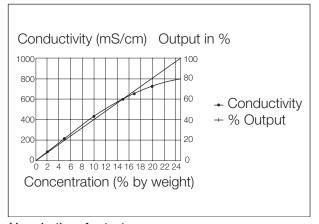
Note: With 2-electrode systems, polarization may decrease the conductivity value at higher concentrations. Applications using highly conductive fluids, inductive conductivity measurement should be considered as an alternative because of lower maintenance requirements.

### **Output functions**

#### **Current Outputs**

The SC450 offers two isolated 4- 20 mA outputs for indication, recording or control functions. The parameter that is transmitted through the current output(s) can be selected out of:

- · Conductivity or Resistivity
- Temperature
- Concentration
- PID control



Linearisation of output Example: 0-25% Sulfuric acid

#### **Example of Concentration measurement.**

The conductivity of a sulfuric acid solution is not linear to the concentration of the acid. Then the user selects TABLE in the Output configuration menu and a 21 point table is generated to linearize the output in concentration units.

Code Output	mA 4-20	Conc.	Example % H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	Cond.	Example mS/cm
0	4.0		0		0
5	4.8		1.25		60
10	5.6		2.5		113
15	6.4		3.75		180
20	7.2		5		211
25	8.0		6.25		290
30	8.8		7.5		335
35	9.6		8.75		383
40	10.4		10		424
45	11.2		11.25		466
50	12.0		12.5		515
55	12.8		13.75		555
60	13.6		15		590
65	14.4		16.25		625
70	15.2		17.5		655
75	16.0		18.75		685
80	16.8		20		718
85	17.6		21.25		735
90	18.4		22.5		755
95	19.2		23.75		775
100	20.0		25		791

In addition the current output can be used to transmit a fault condition through the BURN OUT function and it can maintain the last measured value prior to maintenance or a fixed preset value using the HOLD function.

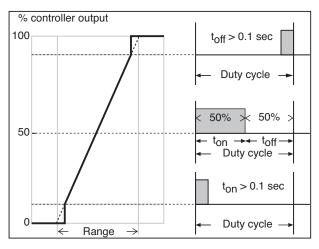
## **Contact Outputs**

The SC450 offers four SPDT contact outputs. All contact outputs can be configured for Alarm and Control functions. Contact S1, S2 and S3 are in powered condition when the setpoint is exceeded. These contacts are normally used for HI, LO Alarm or Control functions. Contact S4 is in alarm condition when the power is down. This fail-safe contact is normally used to signal a fail situation.

## **Control Function**

SC450 offers advanced process control. Each of the current outputs and the contact outputs can represent the PID control output.

If a contact is used for process control the contact output can be pulse length controlled or pulse frequency controlled.



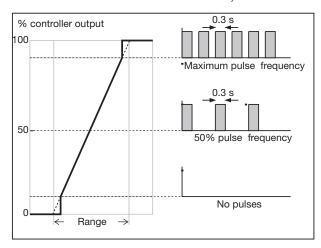
## Duty cycle control

This type of control is normally used to operate solenoid valves or continuously operating dosing pumps. The period of the on/off cycle is selected between 1s and 30 minutes. The on/off ratio (duty cycle) is controlled by the PID control function

#### Pulse frequency control

This function is used when the chemical is dosed with pulsating dosing pumps, where each pulse represents a certain volume of reagent. The maximum number of pulses per minutes is selected, but must be between 1 and 70 pulses per minute. The frequency of pulses is determined by the PID function of the analyzer.

The Proportional Band, the Integral Time and the Derivative Function are set in the control menu of the analyzer.



#### **Model and Suffix Codes**

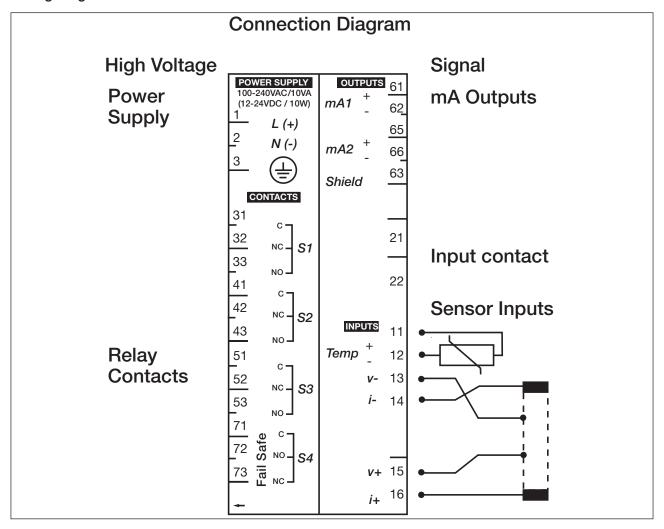
Model	Suffix	Option	Description	
SC450G			Conductivity/Resistivity transmitter	
Power	- A		AC version (85265 VAC)	
	<u>-</u> D		DC version (9.630 VDC)	
	- A		General purpose version	
	- U		FM version	
Options*		/ SCT**	CT** Predefined Tagnumber (text only)	
		/ UM	Universal Mounting kit	
			(panel, pipe, wall)	

- 'Q: Quality Inspection certificate is always included with the product.
- \*\* If the tagnumber is predefined with the purchase,
  Yokogawa will inscript the tagplate with the specified
  tagnumber, and program the tagnumber in the transmitter.

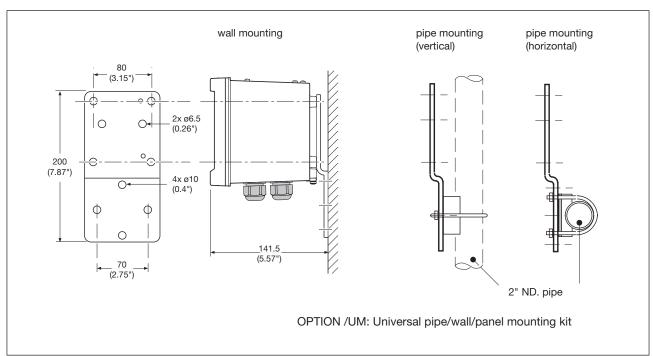
## **Spare Parts**

Part no.	Description
K1541KR	/PM panelmounting for EXA400/402
K1542KW	/U pipe/wall mounting for EXA
K1548FU	Flash loader kit
K1548MT	Tagplate blank EXAxt450
K1548MV	Glands M20 (6 pcs.)
K1548MW	Grommetset
	Universal mounting kit
K1548UQ	Calibration Certificate EXAxt450

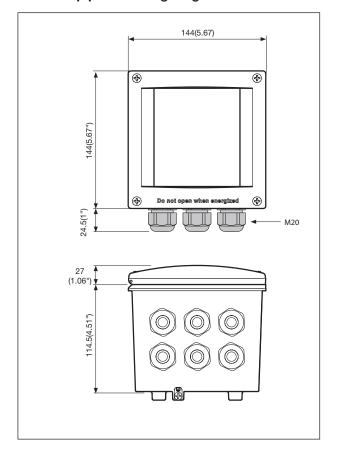
## **Wiring Diagram**



## **Dimension and Mounting**



## Wall and pipe mounting diagram



min.185 (7.25) min.195(7.75) 138(5.43) M6 138

Housing dimensions and layout of glands

Option/UM. Universal mounting kit, panel mounting diagram

## YOKOGAWA HEADQUARTERS

YOKOGAWA HEADQUA 9-32, Nakacho 2-chome, Musashinoshi Tokyo 180 Japan Tel. (81)-422-52-5535 Fax (81)-422-55-1202 www.yokogawa.com

YOKOGAWA EUROPE B.V. Databankweg 20 3821 AL AMERSFOORT The Netherlands Tel. +31-33-4641 611 Fax +31-33-4641 610 www.yokogawa.com/eu

YOKOGAWA CORPORATION OF AMERICA 2 Dart Road Newnan GA 30265 United States Tel. (1)-770-253-7000 Fax (1)-770-251-2088 www.yokogawa.com/us

YOKOGAWA ELECTRIC ASIA Pte. Ltd. 5 Bedok South Road Singapore 469270 Singapore Tel. (65)-241-9933 Fax (65)-241-2606 www.yokogawa.com/sg

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